

Rubin + Euclid Joint Data Products for SSOs

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June 7, 2022





Rubin Observatory

The Vera C. Rubin Observatory is nearing completion in leaps and bounds.

The Legacy Survey of Space and Time (LSST) set to begin in 2024.

LSST: 10yr ugriz survey of the southern sky.



Euclid



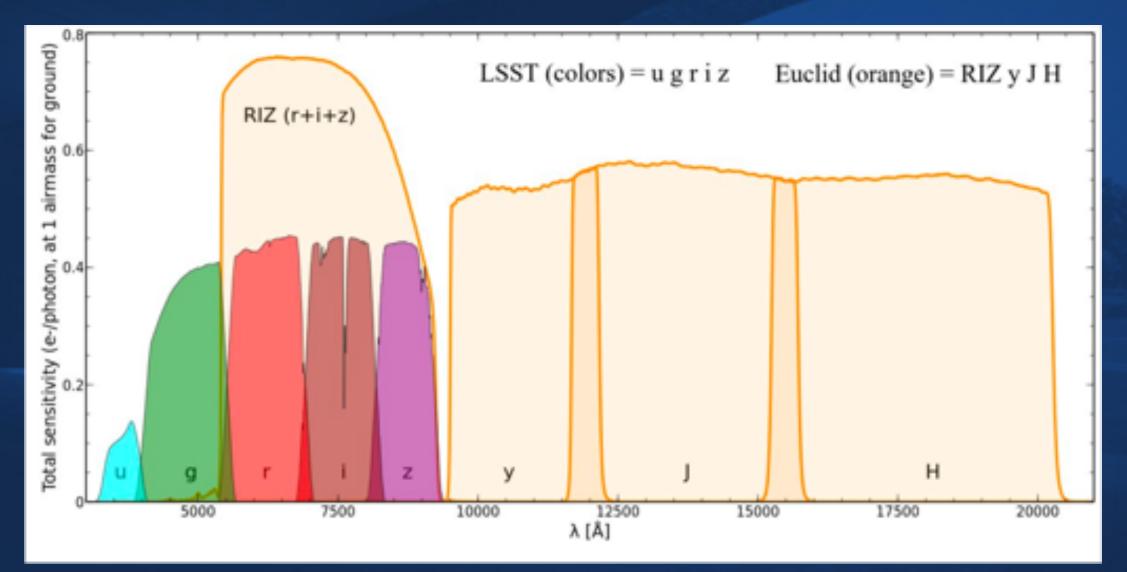
ESA is preparing to launch Euclid in 2023.

- 6yr long 15,000 deg² survey,
- broadband Visual Imaging Channel (VIS, ~600s exp.),
- Near-Infrared Spectrometer and Photometer (NISP, Y+J+H bands ~100s exp.),
- Earth-Sun L2,
- 1.2m mirror.



EUCLID SPACE TEST

Rubin + Euclid Filters



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Euclid Science

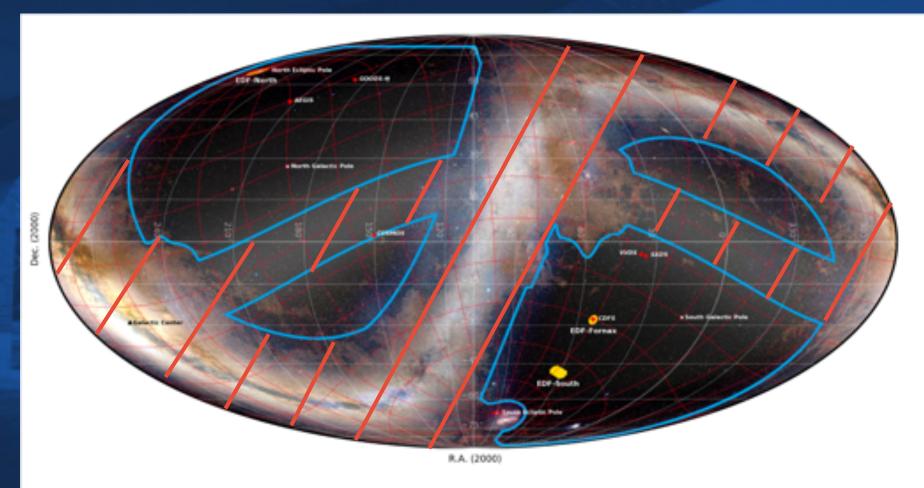
- What is dark matter?
- What is dark energy?
- What is gravitational lensing?
- What are baryonic acoustic oscillations?

Carry (2018): Solar System Science with Euclid





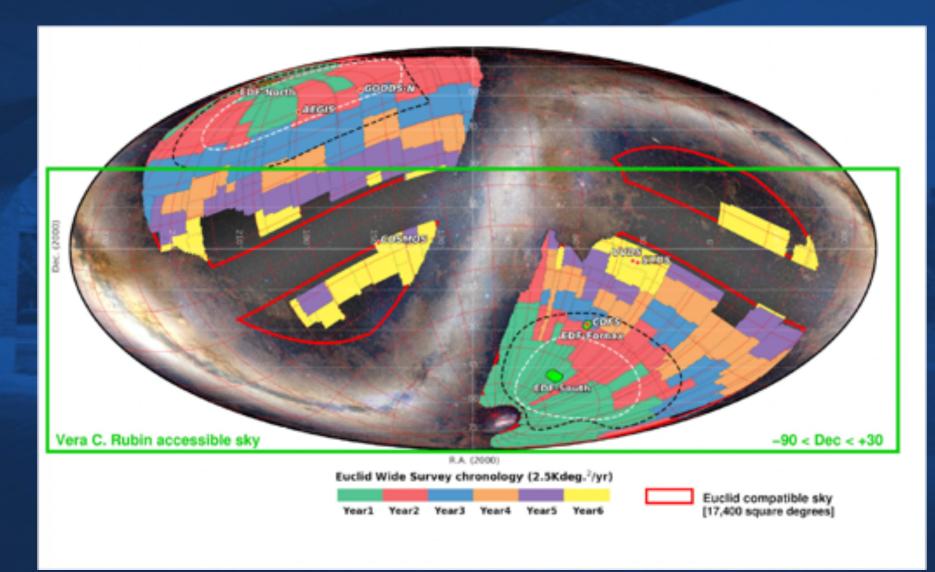
Euclid Survey



The Euclid Wide Survey (EWS) with the Euclid Deep Survey (EDF) and the deep Euclid Calibration Fields [Mollweide Celestial]

- Euclid Wide Survey region of interest : 17 Kdeg.² compliant with a 15 Kdeg.² survey
- Euclid Deep Fields : North=10 deg.², Fornax=10 deg.², South=23 deg.²
- Euclid deep calibration fields marker (diamond not to scale)

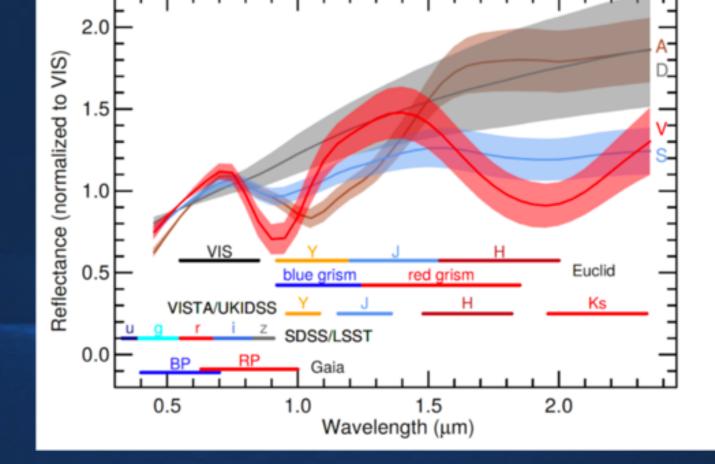
Overlap Rubin & Euclid



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Euclid and SSOs

- detection limit of mAB = 24.5 for 10σ on a 1" extended source
- wide field of view (0.8 × 0.7 deg²)
- will observe 150,000 SSOs, 99% of which are currently unknown.





Rubin + Euclid Benefits for SSOs

- Timely Astrometry and Activity Reporting,
- Parallax,
- Improved taxonomic classification,
- Improved phase curves and absolute magnitudes (H),
- Densification of sparse light curves.
- Better constraints on size, shape and spin, multiplicity/binarity as well as composition of observed SSOs.
- Euclid will reveal "fuzziness" that shows weak activity (hidden within the seeing disc for LSST),
- Early detection of comets, outbursts of cometary activity, and newly arising asteroid activity.

Rubin + Euclid Joint Derived Data Products

Recommended Rubin-Euclid Derived Data Products summary table [1/2]

Acronyms/Codes per column: 1) DDP code name; 2) Community served: B(oth), E(uclid), R(ubin); 3) Priority (P1 to P2) + Urgency (U1 to U3) + Timescale (Real Time, Yearly, Data Releases); 4) Production tier (T0 to T3)

Cross-Cutting (CC)

DDP-1-CC B P1+U1+YR T1 Multi-band Rubin+Euclid photometry list-driven catalogs

DDP-2-CC B P1+U2+DR T2 Multi-band Rubin+Euclid forced photometry catalog from joint-pixel processing

DDP-3-CC B P2+U2+DR T3 Multi-band Rubin+Euclid deblended photometry catalog from joint-pixel processing

DDP-4-CC B P2+U2+DR T3 Galaxy "pixel" photometric redshifts

DDP-5-CC B P1+U1+RT TO Image cutouts/stamps delivery service

Solar System (SS)

 DDP-6-SS
 B
 P1+U1+RT
 T0
 Timely Solar System Object astrometry

 DDP-7-SS
 B
 P1+U1+RT
 T0
 Stamps for Solar System Objects

 DDP-8-SS
 B
 P2+U2+DR
 T1
 Solar System Object light-curve catalog

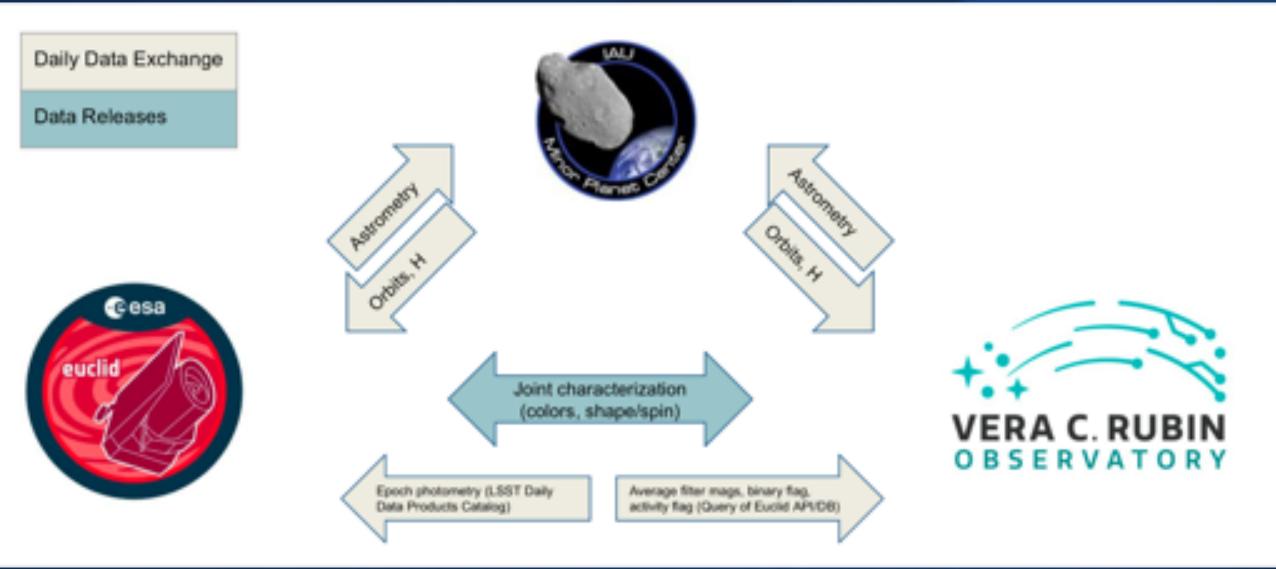
 DDP-9-SS
 B
 P2+U3+DR
 T2
 SSO shape catalog from lightcurves

Column 3	Tier	Description	
P1 + U1 + RT	TO	Ready when both telescopes observe the same sky in 2023	
P1 + U1 + YR	T1	In conjunction with the Rubin-LSST Year 1 release in 2025	
P1 + U2 + DR	T2	In conjunction with the Euclid DR2 and LSST Year 3 in 2027	
P2 + U2 + DR	Т3	In conjunction with the Euclid DR3 and LSST Year 4 in 2029	
Non-baseline	T4	Pending definition of Euclid's non-allocated time (illustrative DDPs)	

- Multi-band Rubin+Euclid photometry catalogs
- Galaxy photometric redshifts
- Image cutouts/stamps

Standalone DDP not realized through a Cross-Cutting DDP





LSST SSO Data Products

A. Real-time Alerts (>=2M SSO observations/night)

Astrometry	±10 mas (bright; ±140 faint)
PSF flux	±10 mmag (bright end)
Aperture flux	±10 mmag (bright end)
Trailed source fit	Flux and on-sky motion for fast-moving (trailed) objects
Appearance characterization	Moments and extendedness of the object's image
Spuriousness score	Probability that the detection is an artifact
Nearby static objects	Information on adjacent objects (up to three)
MPC designation	Given for known objects
Predicted position and magnitude	Given for known objects

More information:

- LSST Overview Paper:
 Data Products Definition Document:
 - oducts Definition Document: http://is.st/dpdd

http://ls.st/lop

[3] Solar System Data Products Schema: <u>http://ls.st/oug</u>

B. Daily Solar System Products (>= 5.5M objects)						
Orbits	Computed by the MPC					
Light-curve characterization	Period, light curve shape, other features					
Absolute magnitude estimates	Estimates of (H, G12) in u,g,r,i,z,y bands					
MOID	Minimum Orbit Intersection Distance to Earth					
Extendedness indicators	Is/was the object comet-like in its appearance.					
C. Solar System Data Release Products (every year)						
High-fidelity reprocessing	Catalogs derived from re- reductions of all survey data using improved calibrations and a single, well- characterized, software					

ligh-fidelity eprocessing	Catalogs derived from re- reductions of all survey data using improved calibrations and a single, well- characterized, software release.
The LSST Catalog of Solar System Objects	A catalog, suitable for population studies, of objects detected by LSST with orbits estimated using only LSST data

Euclid SSO Data Products

A. Euclid Alerts

Not foreseen

B. Euclid Daily Data Products (shared with Rubin)						
Euclid ID	Euclid internal identification					
Number	Official IAU Number					
Designation	Official IAU designation					
Epoch	Mid-observing time of the sequence (JD)					
Binary_flag	Boolean to indicate potential binarity					
Activity_flag	Boolean to indicate potential activity					
VIS_mag*	Average magnitude in VIS filter					
Y_mag*	Average magnitude in Y filter					
J_mag*	Average magnitude in J filter					
H_mag*	Average magnitude in H filter					
RA**	Preliminary EQJ2000 Right Ascension					
Dec**	Preliminary EQJ2000 Declination					

* Average filter magnitudes are not corrected for rotational variation during exposure.

** Preliminary astrometry does not account for potential field distortions.

C. Euclid Data Releases (once for each Euclid image)

Number	Official IAU Number			
Designation	Official IAU designation			
Instrument	VIS NISP			
Filter	VISIYJJH			
Epoch	Mid-observing time (JD)			
RA	EQJ2000 Right Ascension			
Dec	EQJ2000 Declination			
Mag	Apparent magnitude in VIS			
err_RA	Uncertainty on EQJ2000 Right Ascension			
err_Dec	Uncertainty on EQJ2000 Declination			
err_Mag	Uncertainty on apparent magnitude in VIS			
Stamp	Stamp centered on source			
	(once for each Euclid tile)			
VIS-Y	VIS-Y color, corrected for rotational variation			
VIS-J	VIS-J color, corrected for rotational variation			
VIS-H	VIS-H color, corrected for rotational variation			

		oordination Timeline	2022	2024	0000	2020	2027	24.24	3030	
	Data Rele		2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	2028	2029	2030
Euclid	Q1	Misc. sky areas (EDF, etc), total 50 sq deg		_		1				
Euclid	DR1	Euclid Y1 (2500 sq deg, << 1000 sq deg overlap)				-				
Euclid	Q2	Euclid Y2				_				
Euclid	DR2	Euclid Y3 (7500 sq deg. ~3000 sq deg overlap)								
Euclid	Q3	Euclid Y4								
Euclid	Q4 (TBC)	Euclid Y5								
Euclid	DR3	Euclid Y6 (15000 sq deg, ~7000 sq deg overlap)								
LSST	DP1	LSST ComCam								
.SST	DP2	LSST SV (~1000 sq deg, 180 visits / Y2 depth)								
LSST	DR1	LSST First 6 Months								
LSST	DR2	LSST Y1 (90 visits)								
LSST	DR3	LSST Y2 (180 visits)								
LSST	DR4	LSST Y3 (270 visits)								
.SST	DR5	LSST Y4 (360 visits)								
LSST	DR5	LSST Y5 (450 visits)				1				
Assump	tions:									
Feb	ruary 2023	Euclid mission launch date			and the second se					
	April 2024	LSST survey start				from	100 and 100	The state of the		
Surveys	color keys	ic .		10	1000		Contraction in the		-	
		Observing		100	Car		State State		State of the second	
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		Proprietary Access		1.1					0800	
		Public Access	-			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				
Notes:						and the second	Contraction of the local distance of the loc			Sugar Law
(40	LSST data release-dates may move by +O months as the operations team adapts to circumstances.		1					57		
(5)	products may data from the	dditional quick releases containing specific featured data de with the 'Y2 (*02*), 'Y4 (*03*) and 'Y5 (*04*, TBC) data. The rele years will be available to the Euclid Consortium to use while g processed, there just won't be an internal release of a full data set.					13			
(c)	(c) The overlap between Euclid Y1 and LSST SV is potentially guite small, because Rubin commissioning observations are needed at a wide range of latitude (and the best calibration pre-cursor data tends to be closer to equatorial). The SIT-Com team's field selection is not yet determined.		Vera C. Rubir	accessible sk		-	PS-		-	< Dec < +3
(4)	DOP transier	t science can start in 2023 with limited sky overlap (green bar).			1		panelogy (2.5Kdeg.)	Awd .		
(8)	(iii) LSST Y1 leads to matched survey depths for photo-z estimation: the production of related DDPs (photometric catalogs) spans 4 years (top darker green bar, 2025 to 2029) based on LSST Y1 to Y4 yearly data releases progressively matched to the Euclid survey increasing overlap.						Yeard Tears Te		Euclid compatils (17,400 equare de	

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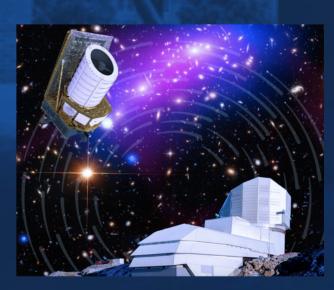
Suggested Data Products

Name	Approx. Size	Details	Description
shapes	2GB	150k * 1k light curve points * ver- tex xyz * 32bit float	Shapes can be stored in text files containing vertex coordinate in- formation.
light curves	1GB		Joint Euclid - Rubin light curve data files with filters, measured filter magnitudes, time stamps and derived color information such as spectral slopes and abso- lute filter magnitudes.
stamps	13GB	150k * 10 filters * 30x30pixel * (32 + 32 + 16)bit float (flux + vari- ance + mask)	Stamps of objects jointly ob- served by Euclid and Rubin and derived pixel values in all filters.

Table 1: A preliminary list of proposed data products (DP) for Solar System science. DP size estimates are approximate, uncompressed file sizes for a population of 150k jointly observed Solar System Objects.



Rubin + Euclid Derived Data Products Report





https://arxiv.org/abs/2201.03862